# **ENGIN 112**

# **Intro to Electrical and Computer Engineering**

Lecture 7

# More Logic Functions: NAND, NOR, XOR



- <sup>o</sup> More 2-input logic gates (NAND, NOR, XOR)
- ° Extensions to 3-input gates
- <sup>o</sup> Converting between sum-of-products and NANDs
  - SOP to NANDs
  - NANDs to SOP
- ° Converting between sum-of-products and NORs
  - SOP to NORs
  - NORs to SOP
- ° Positive and negative logic
  - We use primarily positive logic in this course.

- Each truth table represents one possible function (e.g. AND, OR)
- ° If there are N inputs, there are 2<sup>2</sup>
- For example, is N is 2 then there are 16 possible truth tables.
- ° So far, we have defined 2 of these functions
  - 14 more are possible.
- Why consider new functions?
  - Cheaper hardware, more flexibility.



### **The NAND Gate**



- This is a NAND gate. It is a combination of an AND gate followed by an inverter. Its truth table shows this...
- ° NAND gates have several interesting properties...
  - NAND(a,a)=(aa)' = a' = NOT(a)
  - NAND'(a,b)=(ab)'' = ab = AND(a,b)
  - NAND(a',b')=(a'b')' = a+b = OR(a,b)



#### The NAND Gate

- These three properties show that a NAND gate with both of its inputs driven by the same signal is equivalent to a NOT gate
- A NAND gate whose output is complemented is equivalent to an AND gate, and a NAND gate with complemented inputs acts as an OR gate.
- Therefore, we can use a NAND gate to implement all three of the *elementary operators* (AND,OR,NOT).
- Therefore, ANY switching function can be constructed using only NAND gates. Such a gate is said to be primitive or functionally complete.





- This is a NOR gate. It is a combination of an OR gate followed by an inverter. It's truth table shows this...
- NOR gates also have several

interesting properties...

- NOR(a,a)=(a+a)' = a' = NOT(a)
- NOR'(a,b)=(a+b)'' = a+b = OR(a,b)
- NOR(a',b')=(a'+b')' = ab = AND(a,b)



- Just like the NAND gate, the NOR gate is functionally complete...any logic function can be implemented using just NOR gates.
- Both NAND and NOR gates are very valuable as any design can be realized using either one.
- It is easier to build an IC chip using all NAND or NOR gates than to combine AND,OR, and NOT gates.
- NAND/NOR gates are typically faster at switching and cheaper to produce.





- This is a XOR gate.
- XOR gates assert their output when exactly one of the inputs is asserted, hence the name.
- The switching algebra symbol
   for this operation is Å, i.e.

$$1 \text{ Å } 1 = 0 \text{ and } 1 \text{ Å } 0 = 1.$$

A	В	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0



- ° This is a XNOR gate.
- This functions as an exclusive-NOR gate, or simply the complement of the XOR gate.
- The switching algebra symbol
   for this operation is ⊙, i.e.

1  $\odot$  1 = 1 and 1  $\odot$  0 = 0. ENGIN112 L7: More Logic Functions

A	В	Y
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

#### ° NOR Symbol, Equivalent Circuit, Truth Table



**DeMorgan's Theorem** 

- ° A key theorem in simplifying Boolean algebra expression is DeMorgan's Theorem. It states: (a + b)' = a'b' (ab)' = a' + b'
- Complement the expression
  a(b + z(x + a')) and simplify.

$$(a(b+z(x + a')))' = a' + (b + z(x + a'))'$$
  
= a' + b'(z(x + a'))'  
= a' + b'(z' + (x + a')')  
= a' + b'(z' + x'a'')  
= a' + b'(z' + x'a)

<sup>o</sup> Determine the output expression for the below circuit and simplify it using DeMorgan's Theorem



# **Universality of NAND and NOR gates**











# **Universality of NOR gate**



 Equivalent representations of the AND, OR, and NOT gates

### **Example**



(c)

# Interpretation of the two NAND gate symbols



 Determine the output expression for circuit via DeMorgan's Theorem

### Interpretation of the two OR gate symbols



 Determine the output expression for circuit via DeMorgan's Theorem

- Basic logic functions can be made from NAND, and NOR functions
- The behavior of digital circuits can be represented with waveforms, truth tables, or symbols
- Primitive gates can be combined to form larger circuits
- Boolean algebra defines how binary variables with NAND, NOR can be combined
- **DeMorgan's rules are important.** 
  - Allow conversion to NAND/NOR representations