UMASS AMHERST

SDP 18: EfficienSeat

6 March 2018 Comprehensive Design Review

Team 26 Advised by Professor Tilman Wolf Kristina Georgadarellis, Matthew Donnelly, Dennis Donoghue, Aarsh Jain

Problem Statement

- Dining halls suffer due to seating inefficiencies
- A useful solution is convenient and saves time
 - Patrons need improved seat identification methods
 - Dining halls need an easily implementable and maintainable system



Our Vision for a New System





System Requirements

- Patrons should be able to:
 - Use an app to interact with dining hall
 - View a map of the dining hall
 - Make timed seat reservations
 - Search for seats by party size
 - Have choice of not using app
 - Table Units have physical user interface
- System implementation should be:
 - Easy to maintain
 - Safe around food

System Specifications

- Allows app users to search for available seats by party size through app
- Users will receive response from the app within 2 seconds
- The app will generate a depiction of table locations accurate to ½ a table length
- Orientation of Table Unit detected within 90 degrees
- Can function in a dining hall of several hundred seats
- Table Unit is compliant with IPX4 (Splashproof)
- Table Units should have a push button interface
- Battery life of Table Unit should last a month

Challenges

- 1. System Communication
 - → Interfacing between four mediums
- 2. Data Synchronization
 - → Table data agreement across system
- 3. Table Localization
 - \rightarrow Indoor positioning problem to find tables
- 4. Low power, Unobtrusive Nodal Units
 - \rightarrow High-functioning with low power costs









CDR Deliverables

- Demonstrate full system communication
 - Hitting button on the Table Unit is reflected on the app
 - Reserving tables from app is reflected on the Table Unit
 - Conscientious data writing from both Sky Unit and App
- Prototype of table unit
 - Actual hardware for buttons and LEDs, battery
 - Case prototype design for Table Unit
- Demonstrate table localization ability
 - Configure a grid for a rectangular area
 - Determine position of a table unit

CDR Deliverables

- Demonstrate full system communication
 - Hitting button on the Table Unit is reflected on the app
 - Reserving tables from app is reflected on the Table Unit
 - Conscientious data writing from Sky Unit and App
- Prototype of table unit
 - Actual hardware for buttons and LEDs, battery
 - Case prototype design for Table Unit
- Demonstrate table localization ability
 - Configure a grid for a rectangular area
 - Determine position of a table unit

Low Power, Unobtrusive Modular Units

Table unit features:

- Low powered chip with SoC for communication.
- Communication over IEEE 802.15.4 built on LwMesh.
- Powered using three 3400mAh batteries.
- Battery lasts up to 25 days with 14 hrs working each day

SAMR21 Xplained Pro Board
PCB

• Compact and modular design.







12



CDR Deliverables

- Demonstrate full system communication
 - Hitting button on the Table Unit is reflected on the app
 - Reserving tables from app is reflected on the Table Unit
 - Conscientious data writing from Sky Unit and App
- Prototype of table unit
 - Actual hardware for buttons and LEDs, battery
 - Case prototype design for Table Unit
- Demonstrate table localization ability
 - Configure a grid for a rectangular area
 - Determine position of a table unit

System Communication and Data Agreement

Challenge: Smooth system integration and state preservation

- Seat states must be reliably communicated throughout system
- States must be safely modified from two different systems (App, Table Unit)

Solution: Consistent conditional writing and efficient protocol





Locating Tables in the Room

Challenge: Simple way to find table locations

- Accuracy: up to half a table length
- Speed: update every hour

Solution: Use IR LEDs and camera to find the positions



The Process for Finding Tables

Step 1: Calibration - getting a "top down" view of room



Step 2: Blob detection - find Table Units by IR LEDS one at a time



The Process for Finding Tables





	Final Step: Blob Detection				
	The second	Results of Test			
		Actual Position	Calculated Position		
		(20cm, 45.5cm)	(22cm, 48cm)		

CDR Deliverables

- Demonstrate full system communication
 - Hitting button on the Table Unit is reflected on the app
 - Reserving tables from app is reflected on the Table Unit
 - Conscientious data writing from Sky Unit and App
- Prototype of table unit
 - Actual hardware for buttons and LEDs, battery
 - Case prototype design for Table Unit
- Demonstrate table localization ability
 - Configure a grid for a rectangular area
 - Determine position of a table unit





Table Localization Demonstration

Purpose: Find position of table given the length and width of a room **Demonstration Steps:**

- Calibrated for marked area before presentation
- Run script to find coordinates of Point A
 - Display final result and coordinates
- Move IR LEDs to Point B and run script again



CDR Deliverables

- Demonstrate full system communication
 - Hitting button on the Table Unit is reflected on the app
 - Reserving tables from app is reflected on the Table Unit
 - Conscientious data writing from Sky Unit and App
 - Prototype of table unit
 - Actual hardware for buttons and LEDs, battery
 - Case prototype design for Table Unit
 - Demonstrate table localization ability
 - Configure a grid for a rectangular area
 - Determine position of a table unit

FPR Deliverables

- Deployable Table Unit
 - Case, PCB built and fully integrated
 - Case protects Table Unit from food/spills
- Demonstrate complete Table Localization ability
 - Improve algorithm for large scale implementation
- Complete and robust system operation
 - All parts fully integrated and working as one
 - Complete user App experience
 - Reservation and claim timers implemented

Questions?

Questions to Consider I

- Power concerns current power consumption
 - What we're going to do to reduce it
 - Quick analysis? Take power reading and calculate
- Timing coordination
 - Where will the timing take place?
- Session IDs
- Authentication and Confidentiality
- LED ON/OFF situation
 - The workers will shut system down after operation hours
 - 9-3, 6-10 7-12 it's busy 60% of the time OFF is taken final answer it's an a e s t h e t i c choice, easier to see a lit up LED
 - Take google plot for evidence

Questions to Consider II

- Orientation of table unit
 - Know which LED is on
- Low battery indication, error
- Single reserve tables vs multi reserved tables?
 - If yes, how are we handling it?



Amazon DynamoDB



Raspberry Pi on Sky Unit

PCB Design

The following features are included in the PCB:

- Li-ion/Li-po charging circuit through micro USB.
- Booster circuit to provide board with 5V.
- LED and Button pair on each corner for buttons and status LEDs.
- IR LEDs on diagonal corners for table localization.
- Easy to mount under SAM R21.
- Charging status LED.
- ON/OFF slider switch.





Table Unit

Table unit features:



- Low powered chip with SoC for communication.
- Communication over IEEE 802.15.4 built on LwMesh.
- System powered through three 3400mAh batteries.
- Battery capacity upto 25 days with 14 hrs working.
- Charging and boosting features included.
- Compact and modular design.
- Robust Table unit 1
 Robust K handling hundreds of nodes.



Timeline for User Interaction MOVE



Table Unit: State Diagram



UMassAmherst Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

31

Table/Sky Unit Communication Protocol

Payload

2 bytes	1	1 byte cmd		4 byte light state	
addr					
Definitions					
	ID	Command	ID	Seat/IR State	
	0	Invalid	0	Vacant/on	
	1	Change	1	Occupied/off	
		seal slale	2	Reserved	
	2	Change IR LED state			
	3	Wake up			



