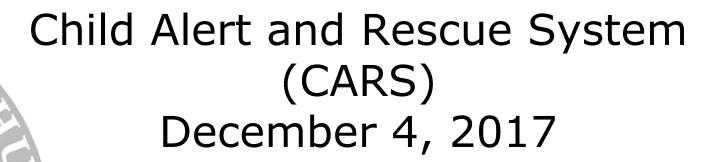
Mid-Year Design Review



Supported by:



UMassAmherst Who We Are



Amer Becirovic (EE)



Sean Danielson (EE)



George Bayides (EE)



Kevin Ford (CSE)

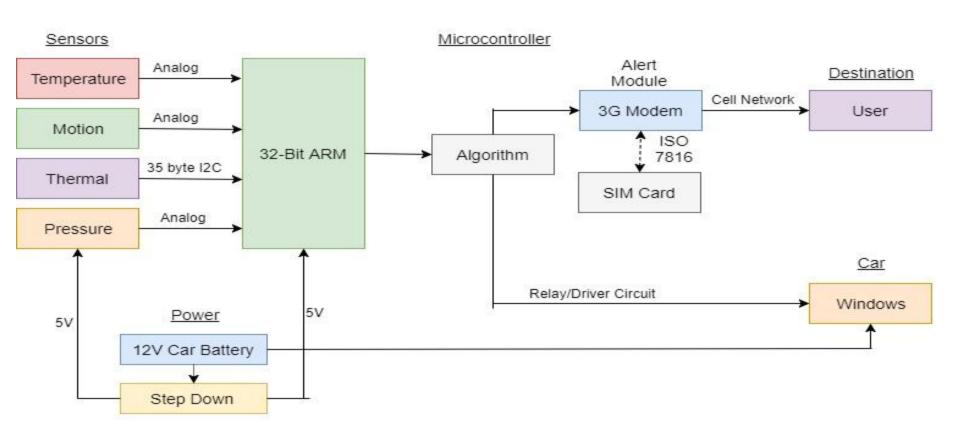
Problem

- Every year, people all over the world forget their children or pets inside of a hot vehicle
- These children and pets die because they undergo heat stroke without any relief
- Our team is creating a system to prevent hot car deaths

System Specifications

- 1. Measure temperature in a car
- Detect if child is in the car
- 3. Integrate alert system with cellphone
- 4. System should be compatible with most sedans (target manufacturer level)
- 5. Easy installation for a mechanic/auto electronics expert
- 6. Must take action to cool car at or below 95°F
- 7. Keep car under 95°F
- Do not deplete power of battery beyond ignition start

Block Diagram: Overview



Overview

- Spec of Sensors
- Read Sensor Data
- SMS alert messaging
- GUI
- Driver/Relay Circuit

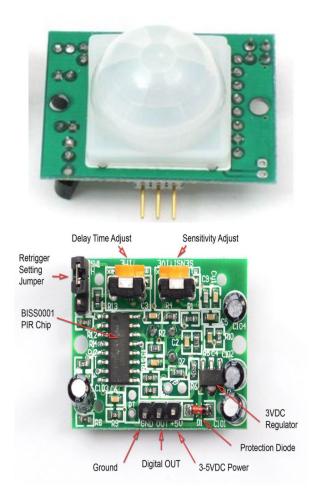
Sensors: Temperature

- TMP36
- -40 to +125 °C sensing range
- ±2°C accuracy
- Linear 10 mV/°C scaling



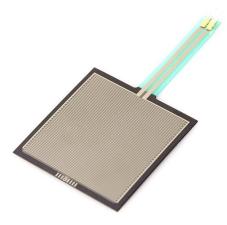
Sensors: PIR Motion

- Infrared
 - Heat+Movement
- Adjustable range
 - Up to 20 feet
- Adjustable reset delay
 - 2.5-250 seconds



Sensors: Force Sensitive Resistor

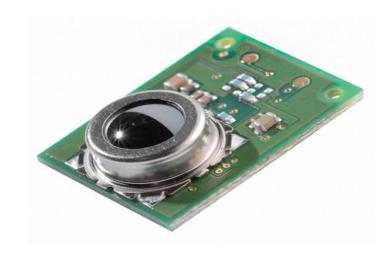
- Capable of detecting 100g-10kg
- Average baby weight: 3.5kg
 - 95% fall between 2.5 and 5kg
- Within child car seat



Sensors: Thermal Camera

- Omron D6T thermal camera sensor
- Senses from 5 to 50 °C
- 44.2 degree range in x-direction
- 45.7 degree range in y-direction
- Outputs 16-block temperature map





Processing: Microcontroller

- Particle Electron
- U-Blox 3G cellular modem (SARA U260)
- ARM Cortex M3 microcontroller
- 1MB Flash, 128 KB RAM
- Low power sleep mode
- Rich development ecosystem

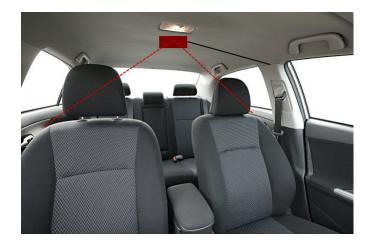


Sensor Placement

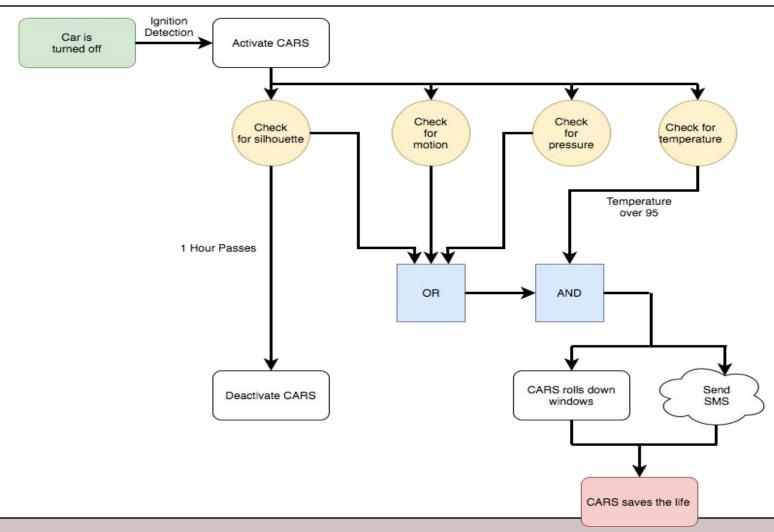
- Roof overlooking back seat
 - Motion sensor
 - Thermal camera
 - Temperature sensor
- Inside child car seat
 - Pressure pad



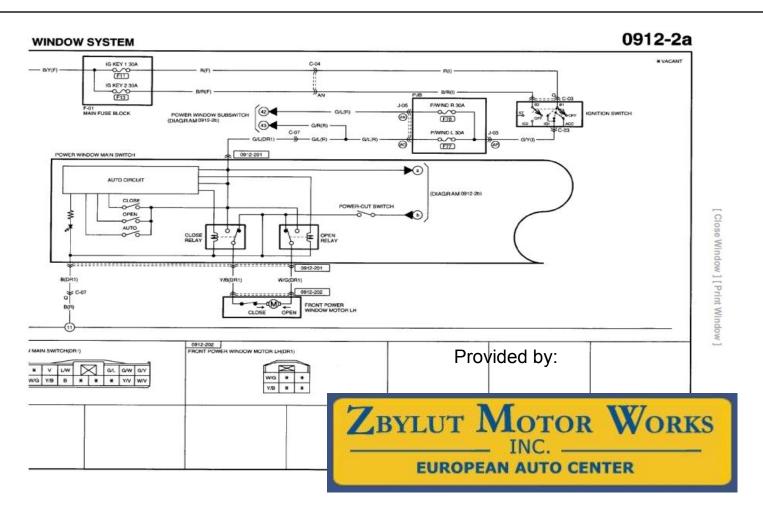
- Relays
- Microcontroller



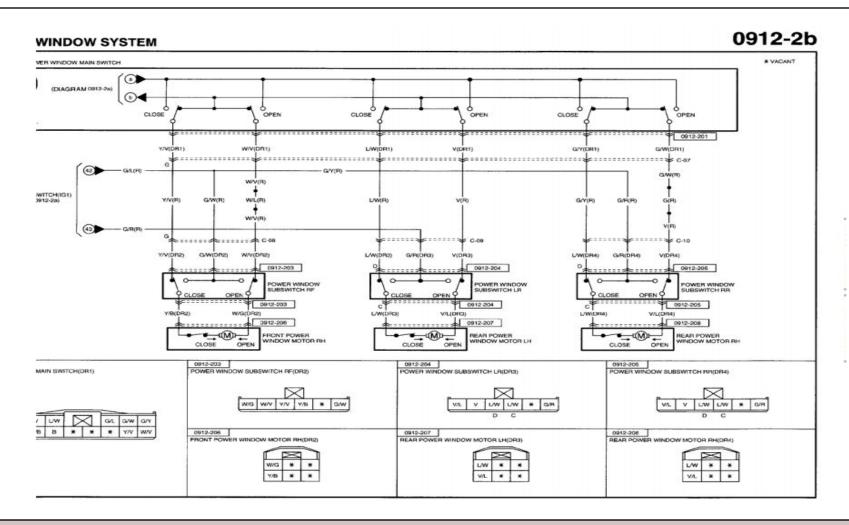
Logic Flow Diagram



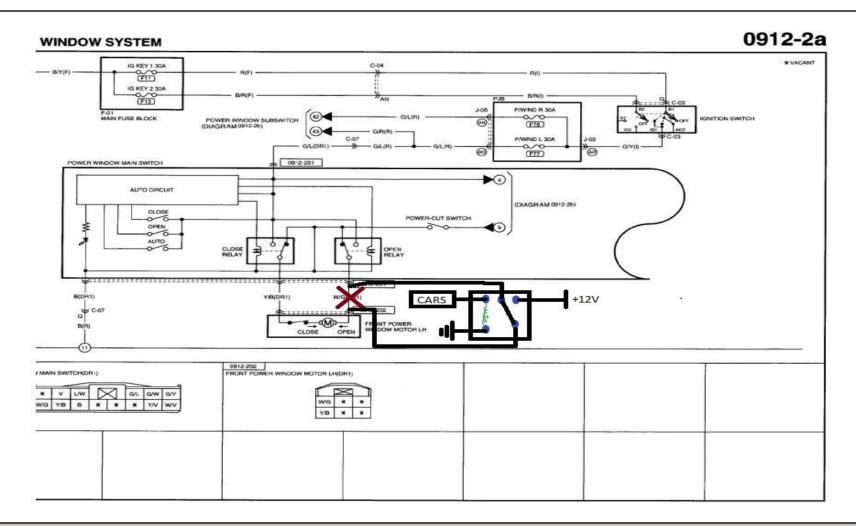
Mazda Wiring Diagrams: Existing



Mazda Wiring Diagrams: Existing - Continued

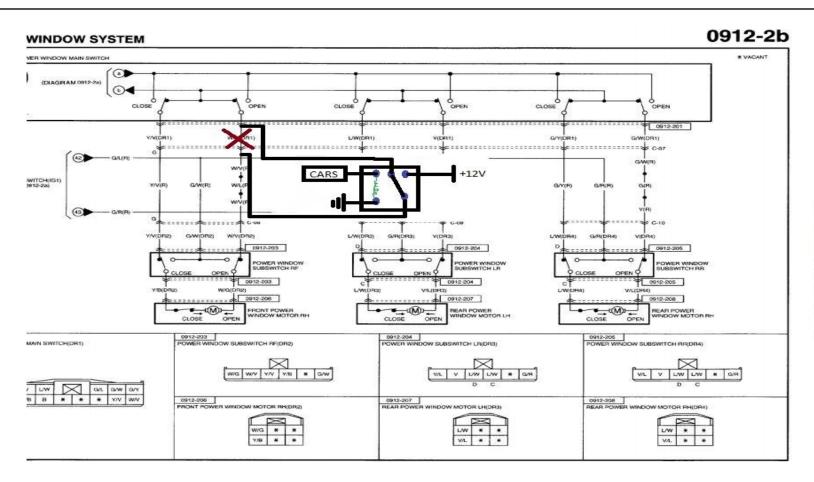


Mazda Wiring Diagrams: Our Modifications



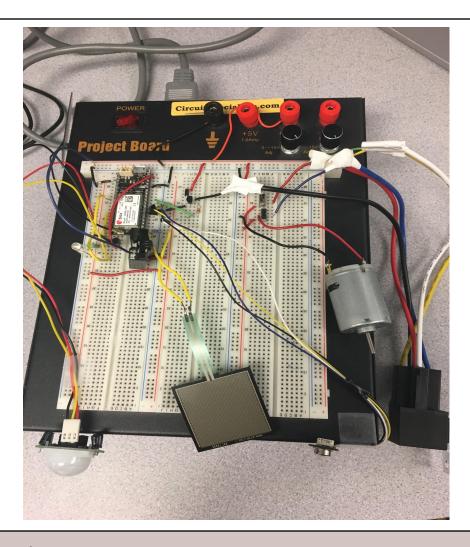
<u>UMass</u>Amherst

Mazda Wiring Diagrams: Our Modifications - Cont.

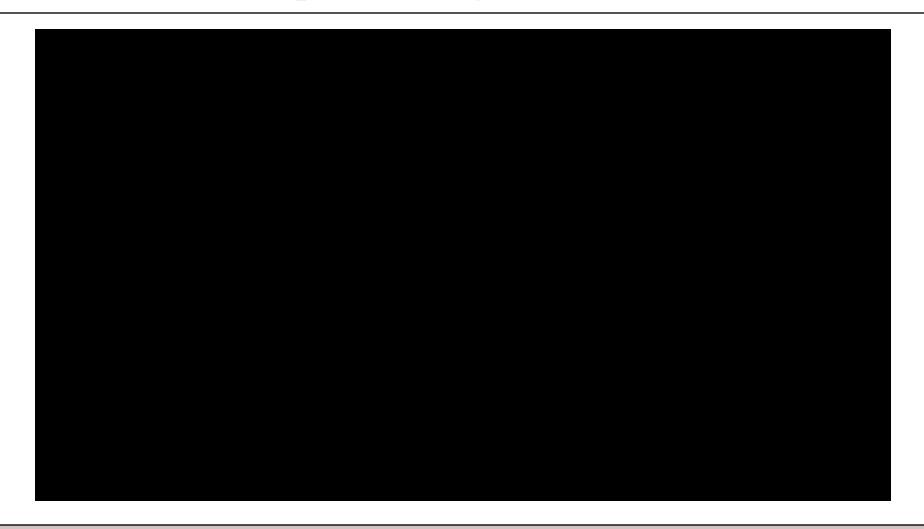


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Demo



Proof of Concept - Wiring Into Car



I MassAmherst

Proposed MDR Deliverables

- Sean+Kevin+George: Demonstrate reading of sensors using microcontroller development board
 - Temperature, motion, pressure(weight)
 - Optional: Thermal imaging, A/C output
- All: Outline of data fusion strategy for life detection
- Kevin: Demonstrate sending of SMS messages using 3G modem development board ✓
- George+Amer: Demonstrate 12V outputs to mock window/fan motor ✓
- Amer: Demonstrate that the system can be embedded in a real car ✓

Proposed CDR Deliverables

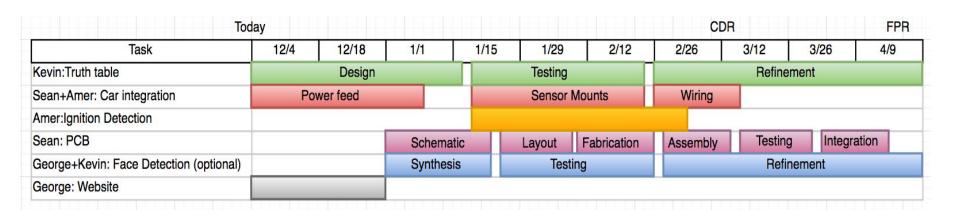
- Successfully wire design into Mazda interface
 - Amer and Sean
- Position sensors within car and detect life in back seat
 - All Members
- Ignition detection ✓
 - Amer and Kevin
- Facial Detection (Optional)
 - Kevin and George
- Website ✓
 - George and Kevin

Cost Analysis

*All values are rounded up

Device	Cost
Thermal Sensor	\$50
Pressure Sensor	\$10
Harness	\$14
Power Feed Cable	\$15
Microcontroller	\$70
Relays	\$12
Motor	\$8
Motion Sensor	\$10
Sonar Sensor	\$8
Total	\$196

Gantt Chart: Up to FPR



UMassAmherst Thank You

Questions?