Laser First Down Marker



Team 18

Preliminary Design Review

Meet the Team



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UMassAmherst What is a First Down?

- A First Down is a checkpoint that the team with possession of the ball has 4 attempts to reach
- A First Down is 10 yards long



UMassAmherst Current Methods

- New First Down Mark:
 - Referees "eyeball" where subsequent first down marker is placed

- First Down Determination:
 - On close calls, gameplay is stopped while referees bring first down markers on to the field

UMassAmherst The Problem



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UMassAmherst The Problem

Prone to human error

Slows down gameplay

Not very accurate



UMassAmherst Goal

 Develop a quicker and more accurate way of determining whether or not the ball crossed the first down marker

 Implement a more accurate way of marking the subsequent first down

UMassAmherst Our Method

With the use of lasers...

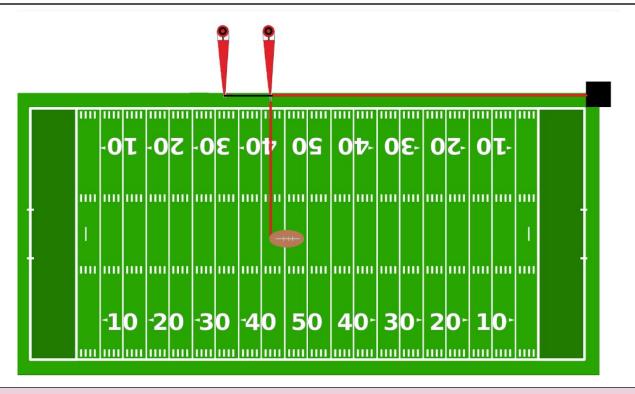
- The marker determines whether or not the ball has crossed the first down plane
 - Instant feedback to referees, stadium, TV crews

 Pinpoint accuracy of where the next first down marker should be placed

The System

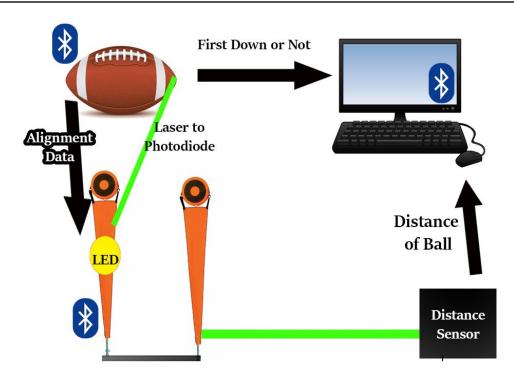
- The Marker
 - Equipped with a laser on the marking stick to shoot across the field to detect the ball
 - Equipped with bluetooth receiver to receive signal from ball
 - When ball is detected green LED will shine on marker
- The Ball
 - Equipped with a photoconductive sensors to sense laser
 - Bluetooth transmitter inside of ball sends signal if sensors are excited
- Distance Tracker
 - Distance measuring laser transmitted from one end of the field to the marker to determine yard line on the field

UMassAmherst Diagram



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System Overview

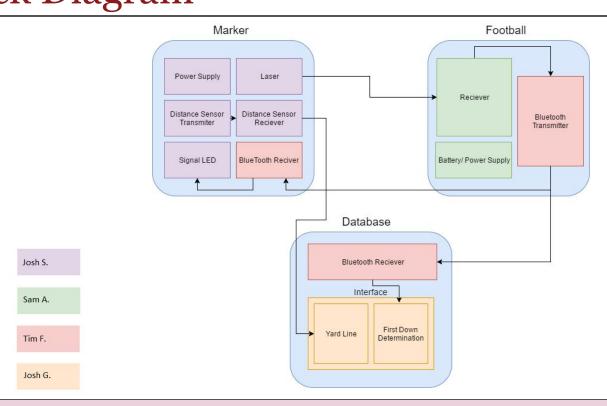


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System Requirements

- Detect football at long distances
 - Up to 25 yards across the field
- Fast
 - Be able to move quickly up and down the field to ball's position
- Accurate
 - Track ball's position down to the inch
- No effect to durability and performance of the ball
 - Ball can withstand the normal wear and tear during a game
- Quick relay of yard line information to referees, announcers, and viewers

UMassAmherst Block Diagram

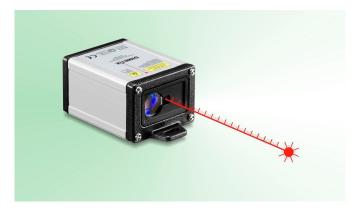


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System Overview

Displacement laser

- Function:
 - Find marker's position on field
 - Relay information to database
- Location:
 - Transmitter at endzone
 - Receiver at marker



System Overview

Ball Detection

- Function:
 - Laser from marker excites photodiode in football
- Location:
 - Photodiode located on tip of football
 - Use of conductive surfaces on nose to direct light to sensors







System Overview

Bluetooth Transmitter/Receiver

- Function:
 - Transmit a signal if photodiode is excited by laser
 - When the signal is received an LED will shine to let chain crew know that the ball is aligned with laser
- Location:
 - Transmitter located in Football
 - Receiver located on Marker



System Overview

Database

- Gathers data from marker, football, and distance sensor
- Interface to computer to easily show whether a first down is achieved
 - Also be able to show marker's position on the field



UMassAmherst Challenges

- Placing the photodiode into the football so that it can be detected by the laser from the marker
- Determining correct first down location from distance laser
- Making sure that the laser will shoot perfectly perpendicular to the field
- Assembling all of the components so that they work together properly

MDR Deliverables

 Demonstration that marker can detect the nose of the football up to 25 yards

- Distance sensor can detect how far down the field the marker is placed
- Bluetooth modules in football and marker to relay information to central software system

UMassAmherst Thank You

Questions