

CEE 697z

Organic Compounds in Water and Wastewater

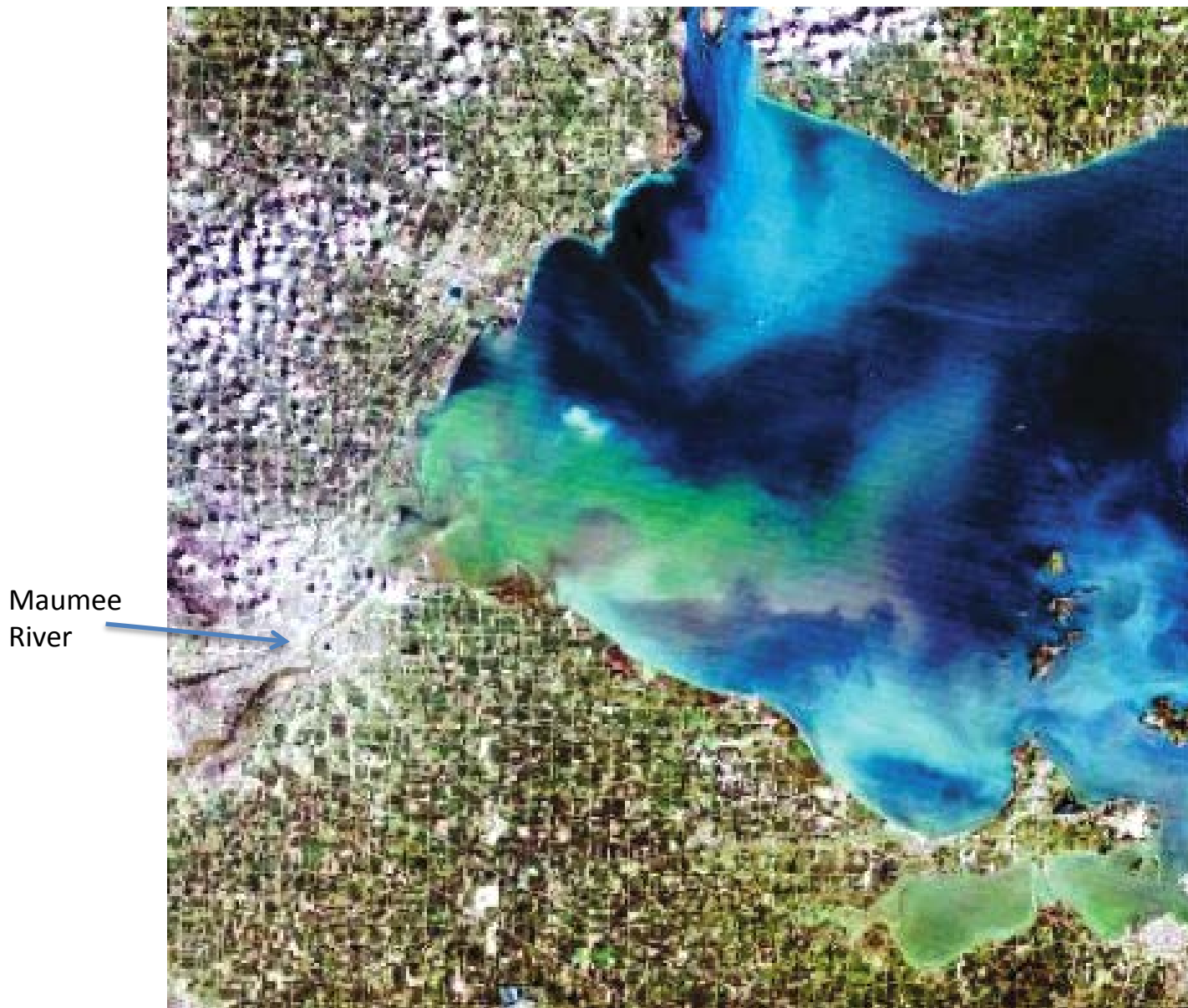
Cyanotoxins

qPCR Method

Prepared and presented by Kristie Stauch-White

Lecture #29

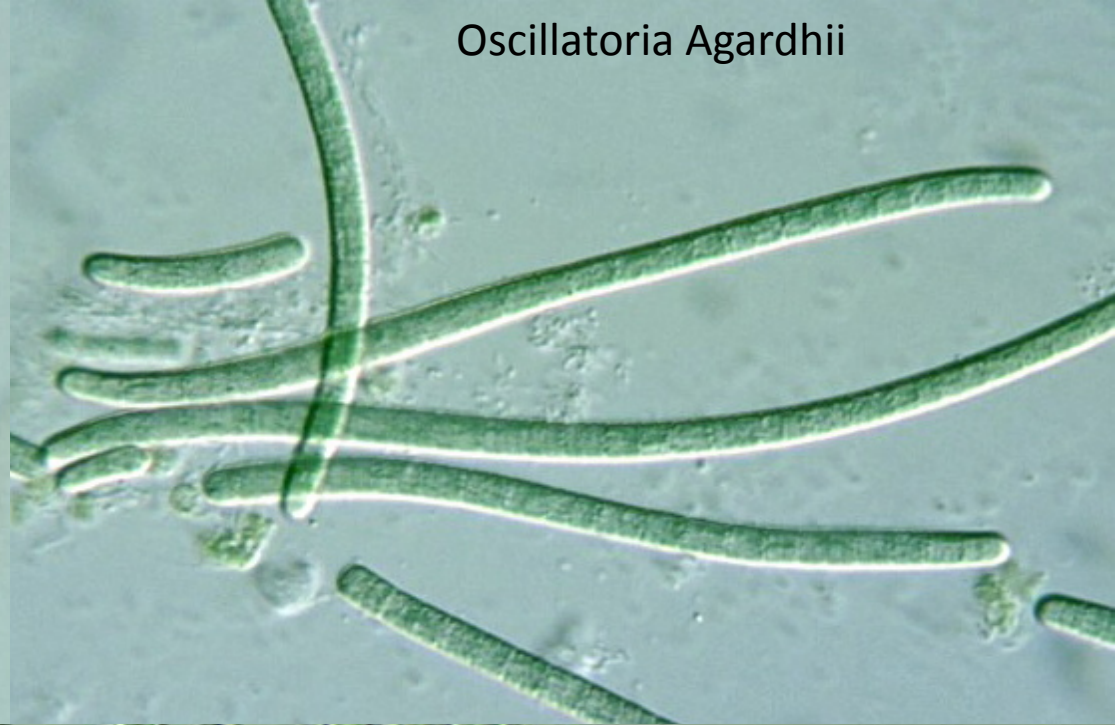
qPCR Quantification of Microcystis during Lake Erie Blooms in 2003 and 2004



LANDSAT 7 Image of Western Basin of Lake Erie near the mouth of the Maumee River

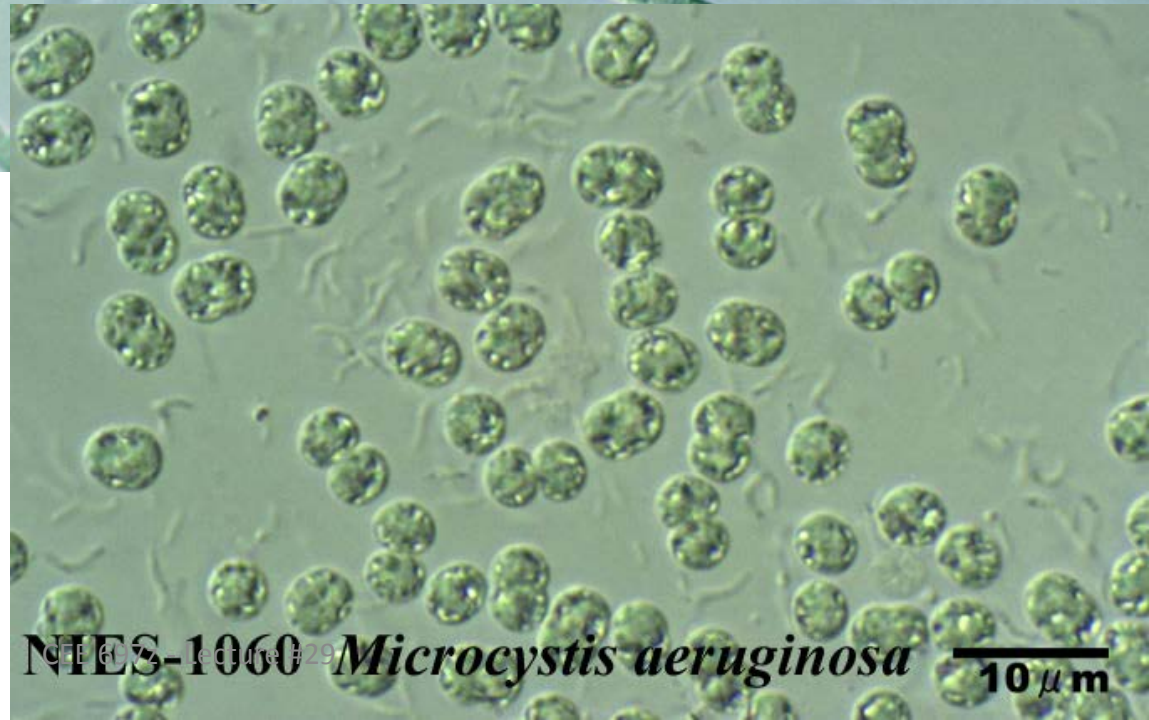


Anabaena



Oscillatoria Agardhii

Microcystin Producers



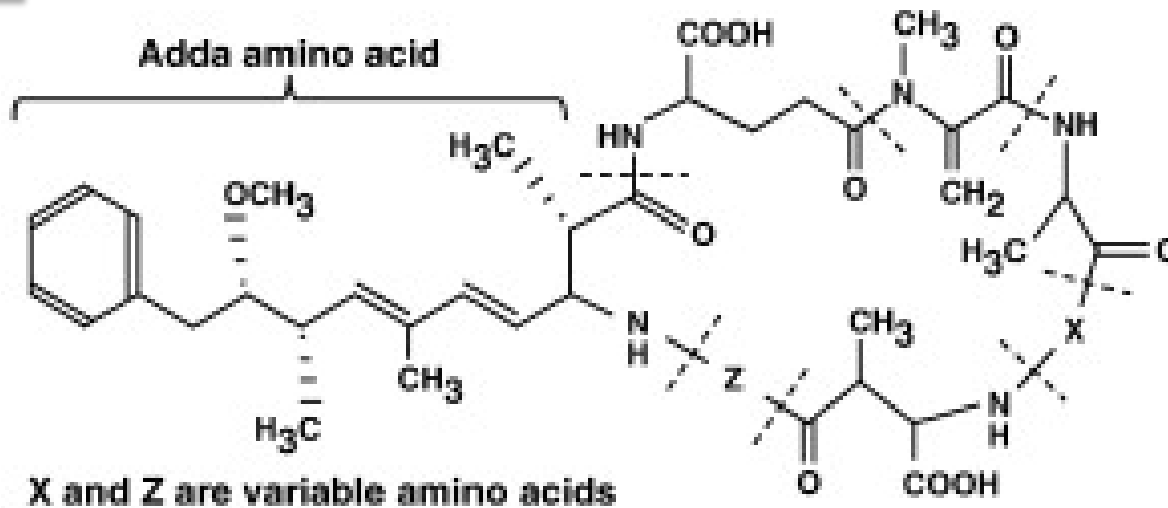
NIES-1060

Microcystis aeruginosa

10 μ m

Cyanobacterial Hepatotoxins

Microcystin



BIOASSAYS TO DETECT CYANOTOXINS

- Animal Bioassays
- Immunoassays:
 - ELISA
 - PPIA
- qPCR



ELISA - Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay

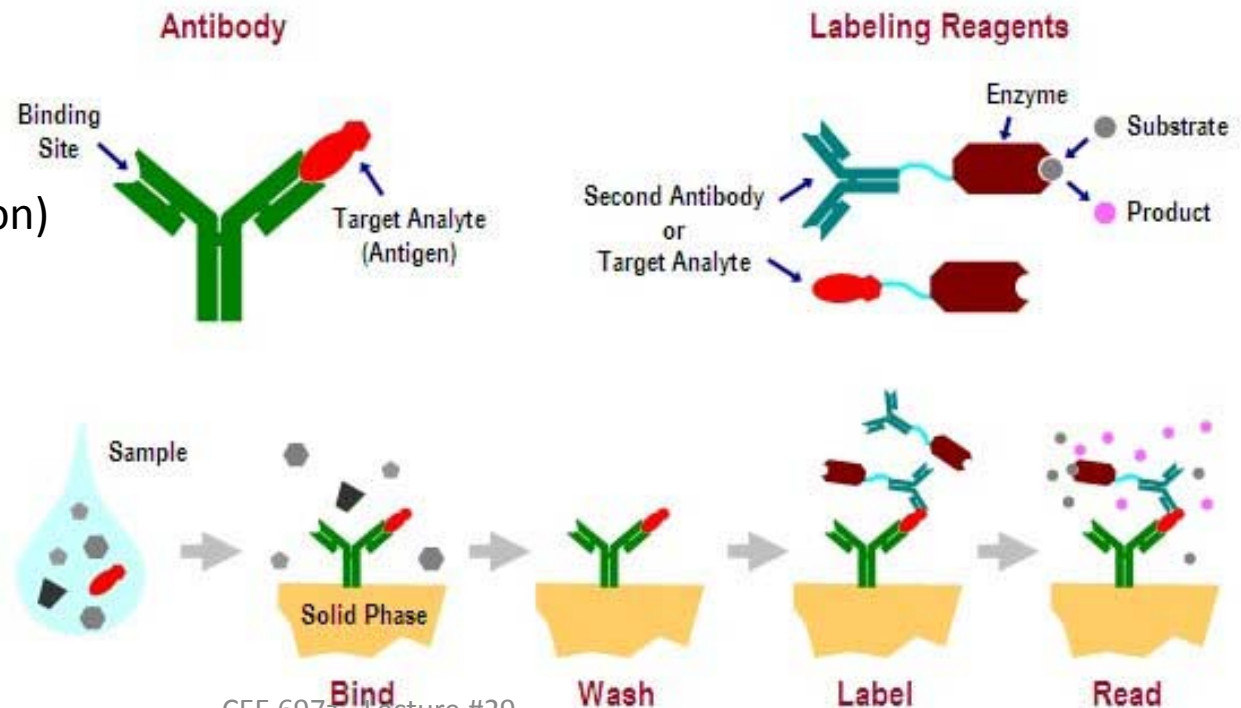
- Lowest Detection Limit .05 ppb to .5 ppb

Direct Competitive ELISA using Polyclonal Antibody

- Anti-Microcystin antibody attached to a high binding capacity microtiter plate
- MCYST-LR is used as a standard
- Microcystin-LR-peroxidase used to compete with MCYST-LR for the binding site of the antibody on the microtiter plate.
- Color developed inversely proportional to MCYST concentration

ELISA

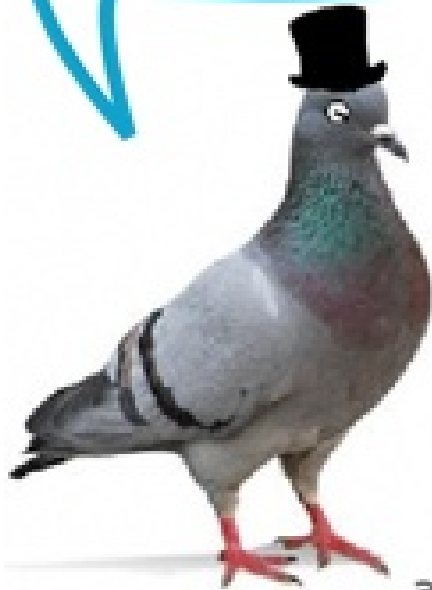
(lighter color =
higher MCYST concentration)



PPIA

What does
PPIA
stand for?

Phosphatase
Inhibition
Assay



allacronyms.com

PPIA (Phosphatase Inhibition Assay) – How it works:

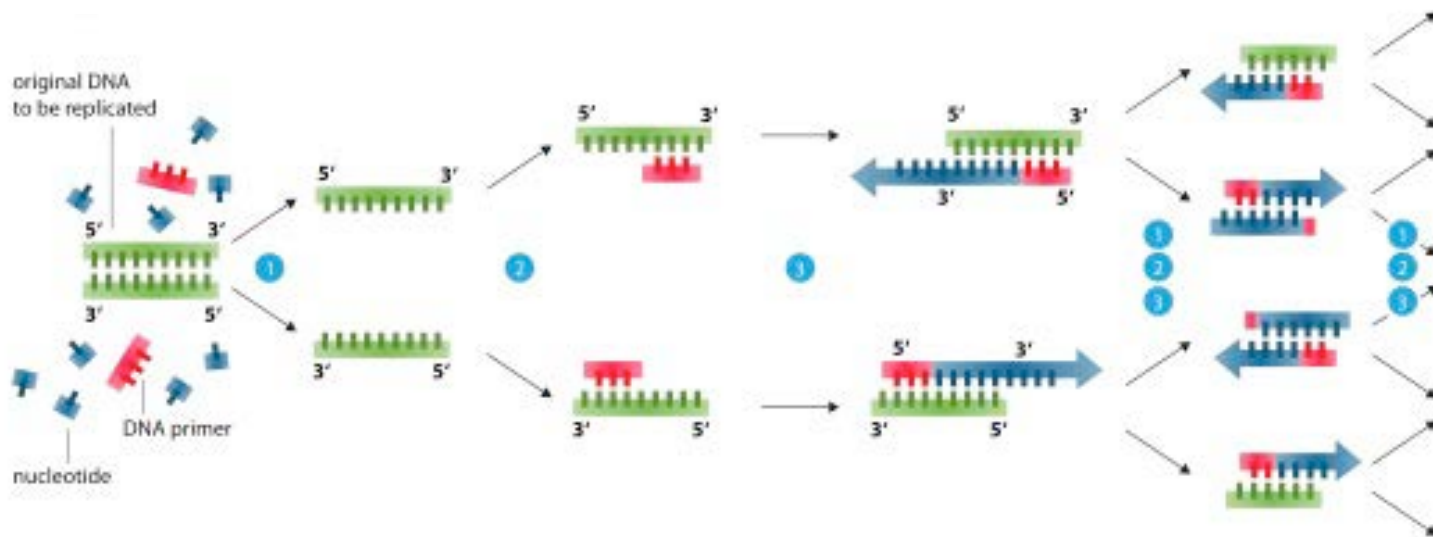
- MCYSTs and NODLNs – naturally potent inhibitors of protein serine and threonine phosphatases (PP1 and PP2A)
- Protein phosphatases dephosphorylate p-nitrophenylphosphate (pNPP) – commonly used substrate for alkaline phosphatases
- Colorimetric
- Detection limit similar to ELISA (1 – 20 $\mu\text{g/L}$)
- Advantage over ELISA – ability to detect bioactivity in MCYSTs and NODLNs – therefore based on functional activity rather than structure

Primers:

mcyB 2959F TGGGAAGATGTTCTTCAGGTATCCAA
mcyB 3278R AGAGTGGAAACAATATGATAAGCTAC

26 bp each,
PCR product 60 – 1600 bp

Polymerase Chain Reaction - PCR



- 1 Denaturation at 94-96°C
- 2 Annealing at 60°C
- 3 Elongation at ca. 72°C

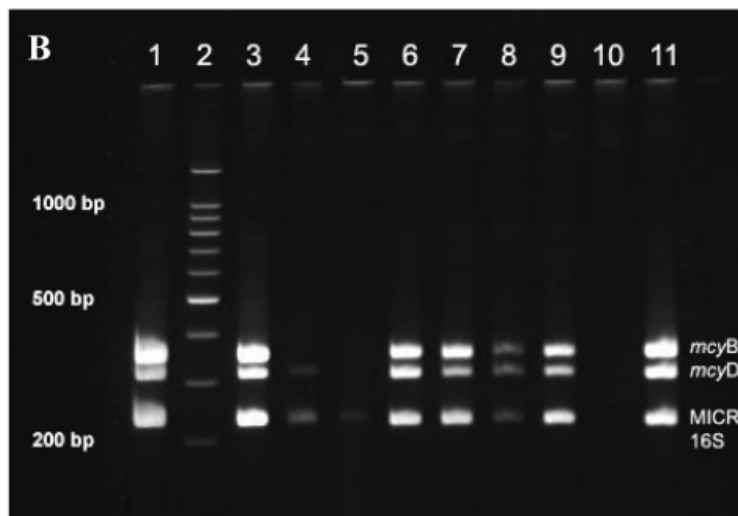
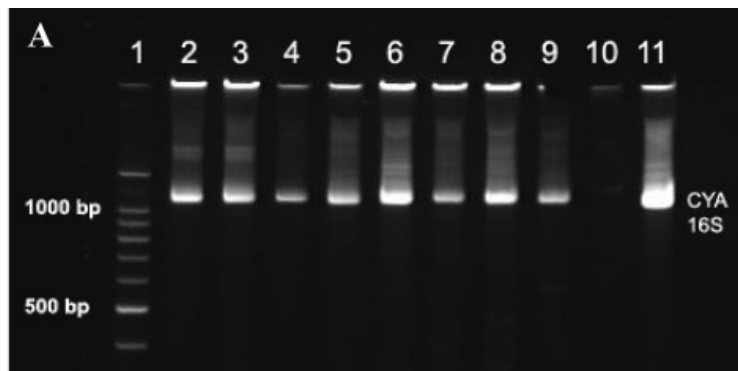


FIGURE 3. Gel image of multiplex PCR results. Gel A: detection of cyanobacterial 16S rDNA fragment. Lane 1: 100 bp molecular weight marker; lane 2: site 1a; lane 3: site 1b; lane 4: site 2; lane 5: site 3; lane 6: site 4; lane 7: site 5; lane 8: site 6; lane 9: site 7; lane 10: negative control, no template DNA; lane 11: positive control (*M. aeruginosa* LE-3 genomic DNA). Gel B: detection of *Microcystis* spp. 16S rDNA fragment and microcystin synthetase genes *mcyB* and *mcyD*. Lane 1: site 1a; lane 2: 100 bp molecular weight marker; lane 3: site 1b; lane 4: site 2; lane 5: site 3; lane 6: site 4; lane 7: site 5; lane 8: site 6; lane 9: site 7; lane 10: negative control, no template DNA; and lane 11: positive control (*M. aeruginosa* LE-3 genomic DNA).

TABLE 3. Chlorophyll *a* and Toxin Concentrations in Samples Collected in the Western Basin of Lake Erie in August 2003 (Sample Stations Numbered 1–7) and 2004 (Sampling Stations Numbered with 3 or 4 Digits)^a

sampling station	chlorophyll <i>a</i> ($\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$)	microcystin (μg of microcystin LR equiv L^{-1})
1	40.0	15.4
2	5.2	<0.3
* 3	6.4	0.3
4	4.0	<0.3
5	15.3	0.4
6	26.0	1.8
7	6.5	<0.3
493	8.8	0.1
311	14.1	0.3
1163	20.1	2.6
885	19.1	0.1
496	21.7	0.4
495	15.5	0.4
494	12.8	0.3
357	7.4	0.1
974	7.8	1.0
882	8.3	0.04

^a Microcystin concentrations are in microcystin–LR activity equivalents per liter. Detection limits are controlled by the volume of water filtered (2003, ~1 L; 2004, ~20 L).

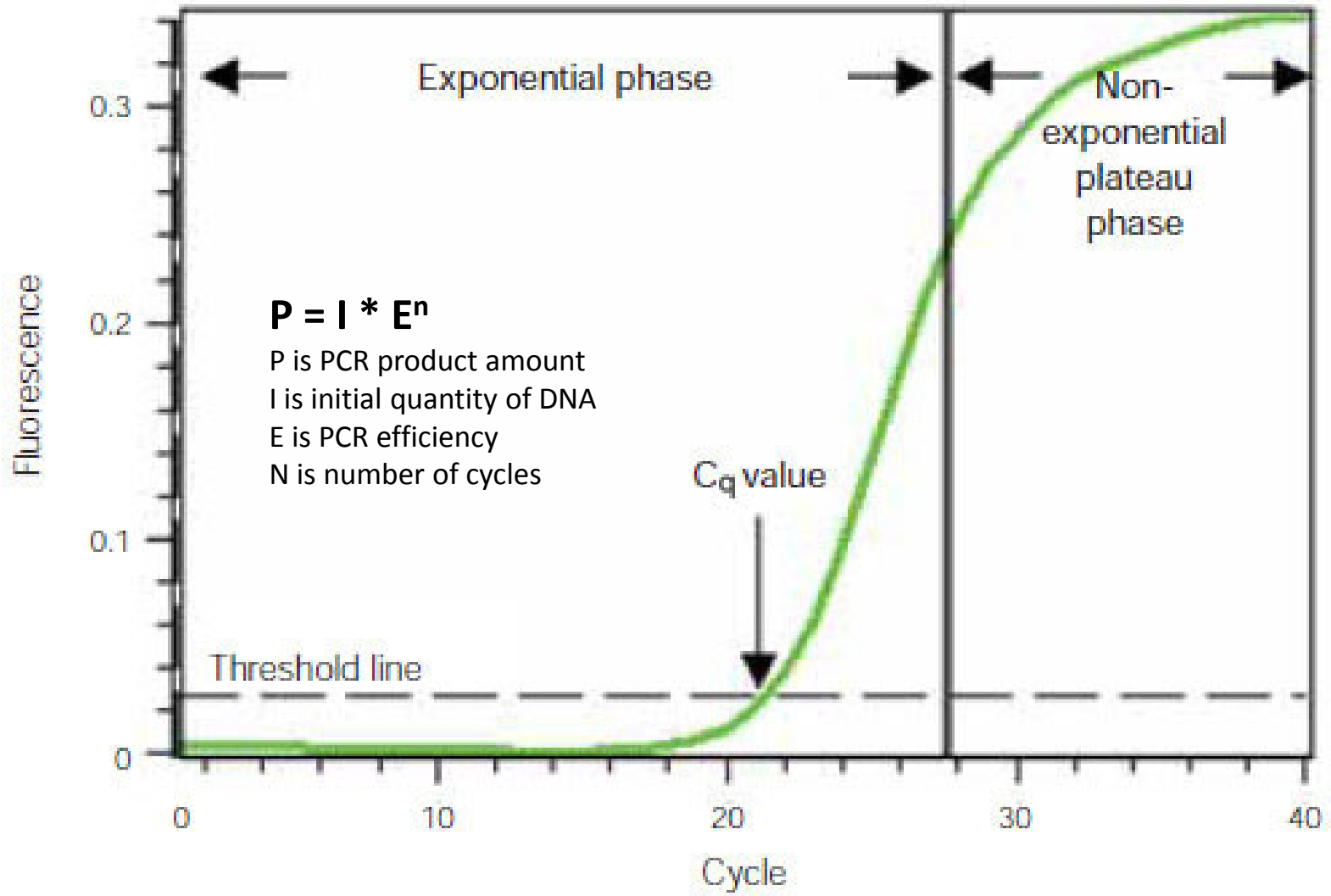
*Toxin detected, but toxin-producing genes not detected at this site

TABLE 4. Initial Screening of Water Samples using Multiplex PCR Assays^a

sampling site	Cyan 16S	Micr 16S	<i>mcyB</i>	<i>mcyD</i>
1	+	+	+	+
2	+	+	–	+
*3	+	+	–	–
4	+	+	+	+
5	+	+	+	+
6	+	+	+	+
7	+	+	+	+
493	+	+	+	+
311	+	+	+	+
1163	+	+	+	+
885	+	+	+	+
496	+	+	+	+
495	+	+	+	+
494	+	+	+	+
357	+	+	+	+
974	+	+	+	+
882	+	+	+	+

^a The columns are labeled with the PCR primers used for the analysis. The presence or absence of a visible band in the gel after staining with SYBR green I is indicated by + or –.

* Neither toxin producing gene found at this site, but microcystin detected (see Table 3)



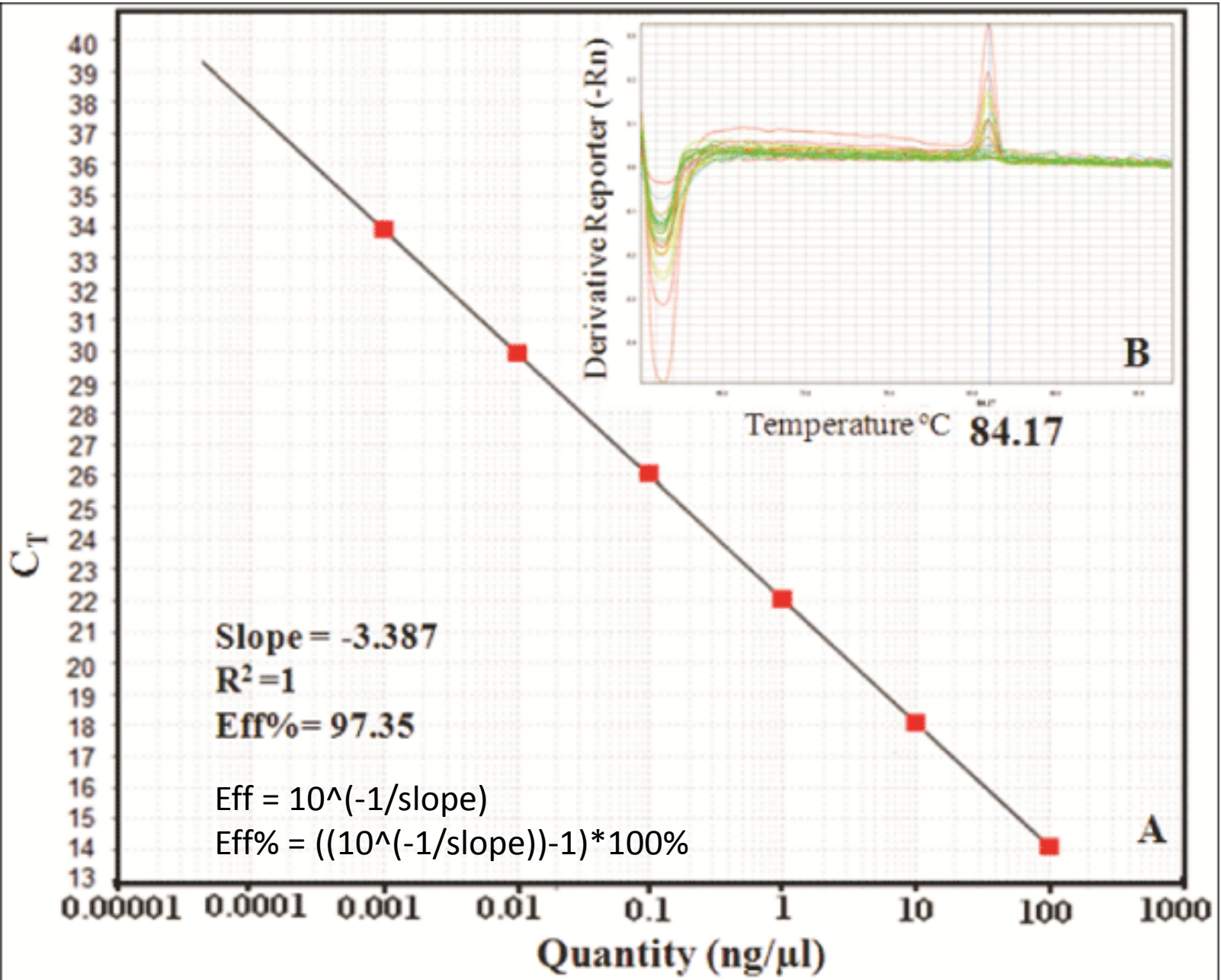


TABLE 5. Real-Time PCR-Based Quantification of Abundances of Three Target Genes in Water Samples and Cell Abundance as LE-3 Equivalents of Total Cyanobacteria, Total *Microcystis*, and Toxic *Microcystis* (Cells Carrying *mcyD* Gene) in Samples Collected in August 2003 (Sampling Sites Numbered 1–7) and August 2004^a

sampling site	Cyan 16S copies L ⁻¹	Micr 16S copies L ⁻¹	<i>mcyD</i> copies L ⁻¹	total cyanobacteria (LE-3 equiv) L ⁻¹	total <i>Microcystis</i> (LE-3 equiv) L ⁻¹	toxic <i>Microcystis</i> (LE-3 equiv) L ⁻¹
1	$3.9 (\pm 3.8) \times 10^{10}$	$3.4 (\pm 0.5) \times 10^{10}$	$3.2 (\pm 0.6) \times 10^8$	$9.9 (\pm 1.1) \times 10^8$	$3.9 (\pm 1.1) \times 10^8$	$1.1 (\pm 0.3) \times 10^6$
2	$1.7 (\pm 0.5) \times 10^7$	$6.2 (\pm 1.8) \times 10^4$	BQL	$3.2 (\pm 0.6) \times 10^5$	$1.8 (\pm 0.5) \times 10^3$	BQL
3	$1.5 (\pm 0.1) \times 10^9$	BQL	ND	$3.1 (\pm 0.3) \times 10^7$	BQL	ND
4	$2.1 (\pm 0.6) \times 10^8$	$1.1 (\pm 0.7) \times 10^7$	$2.8 (\pm 0.6) \times 10^6$	$4.7 (\pm 0.5) \times 10^6$	$6.6 (\pm 4.3) \times 10^4$	$9.0 (\pm 4.0) \times 10^4$
5	$1.0 (\pm 0.1) \times 10^8$	$1.7 (\pm 0.0) \times 10^7$	$7.0 (\pm 4.2) \times 10^5$	$1.9 (\pm 0.1) \times 10^6$	$1.0 (\pm 0.0) \times 10^5$	$3.4 (\pm 2.0) \times 10^4$
6	$2.9 (\pm 0.3) \times 10^8$	BQL	BQL	$5.0 (\pm 0.6) \times 10^6$	BQL	$4.2 (\pm 1.2) \times 10^3$
7	$8.7 (\pm 0.2) \times 10^7$	$2.4 (\pm 6.9) \times 10^5$	$7.7 (\pm 2.7) \times 10^4$	$1.6 (\pm 0.1) \times 10^6$	$7.5 (\pm 0.5) \times 10^3$	$8.6 (\pm 2.8) \times 10^3$
493	$4.3 (\pm 1.0) \times 10^8$	$5.1 (\pm 0.8) \times 10^7$	$4.2 (\pm 2.8) \times 10^5$	$5.5 (\pm 1.4) \times 10^6$	$7.0 (\pm 1.1) \times 10^5$	$2.0 (\pm 1.3) \times 10^4$
311	$6.6 (\pm 0.3) \times 10^8$	$1.3 (\pm 0.7) \times 10^8$	$3.9 (\pm 0.5) \times 10^6$	$8.7 (\pm 0.4) \times 10^5$	$1.8 (\pm 1.0) \times 10^6$	$1.8 (\pm 0.2) \times 10^5$
1163	$5.6 (\pm 0.4) \times 10^9$	$5.6 (\pm 0.4) \times 10^7$	$1.5 (\pm 1.0) \times 10^6$	$7.9 (\pm 0.2) \times 10^7$	$7.4 (\pm 0.6) \times 10^5$	$6.8 (\pm 4.5) \times 10^4$
885	$2.8 (\pm 0.3) \times 10^8$	$4.0 (\pm 0.8) \times 10^7$	$3.5 (\pm 0.3) \times 10^6$	$3.9 (\pm 0.4) \times 10^6$	$5.4 (\pm 1.1) \times 10^5$	$1.6 (\pm 1.6) \times 10^5$
496	$8.0 (\pm 2.2) \times 10^8$	$1.7 (\pm 0.1) \times 10^8$	$6.0 (\pm 0.3) \times 10^6$	$1.6 (\pm 7.8) \times 10^7$	$3.2 (\pm 1.5) \times 10^6$	$2.8 (\pm 0.1) \times 10^5$
495	$1.2 (\pm 0.4) \times 10^8$	$8.3 (\pm 0.3) \times 10^6$	$1.5 (\pm 0.7) \times 10^5$	$1.3 (\pm 0.8) \times 10^6$	$8.4 (\pm 2.9) \times 10^4$	$7.1 (\pm 3.4) \times 10^3$
494	$2.3 (\pm 0.7) \times 10^8$	$1.6 (\pm 0.2) \times 10^7$	$1.4 (\pm 1.0) \times 10^6$	$3.3 (\pm 1.1) \times 10^6$	$2.3 (\pm 0.3) \times 10^5$	$6.6 (\pm 4.7) \times 10^4$
357	$2.5 (\pm 1.3) \times 10^7$	$0.8 (\pm 1.1) \times 10^7$	$3.5 (\pm 0.3) \times 10^4$	$2.7 (\pm 1.9) \times 10^5$	$5.4 (\pm 6.4) \times 10^4$	$1.7 (\pm 0.2) \times 10^3$
974	$1.2 (\pm 0.05) \times 10^7$	$4.0 (\pm 1.3) \times 10^5$	$1.5 (\pm 1.0) \times 10^4$	$1.4 (\pm 0.1) \times 10^5$	$4.6 (\pm 1.5) \times 10^3$	$8.0 (\pm \text{ND}) \times 10^2$
882	$6.2 (\pm 1.0) \times 10^7$	$3.5 (\pm 0.1) \times 10^7$	$7.4 (\pm 1.5) \times 10^5$	$7.5 (\pm 1.3) \times 10^5$	$4.8 (\pm 0.2) \times 10^5$	$3.4 (\pm 0.7) \times 10^4$

^a Description for all samples $n = 3$ (\pm standard deviation) except sampling site 1, where $n = 5$ (\pm standard deviation) and sampling site 974 toxic *Microcystis*, where $n = 2$. ND = not detected, and BQL = detected but below quantifiable limit.

- To next lecture