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CEE 697K ENVIRONMENTAL REACTION KINETICS

Lecture #13

<u>Prediction Methods</u>: Going beyond Hammett I Brezonik, pp.553-578

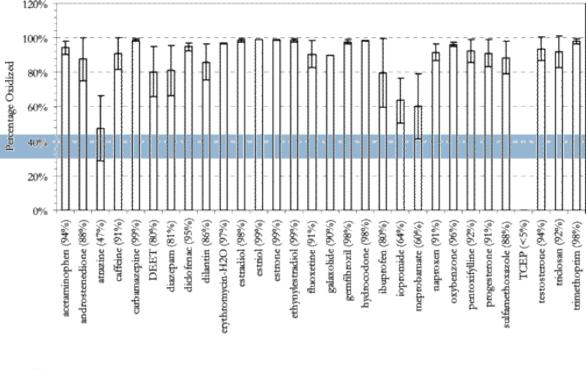
David A. Reckhow

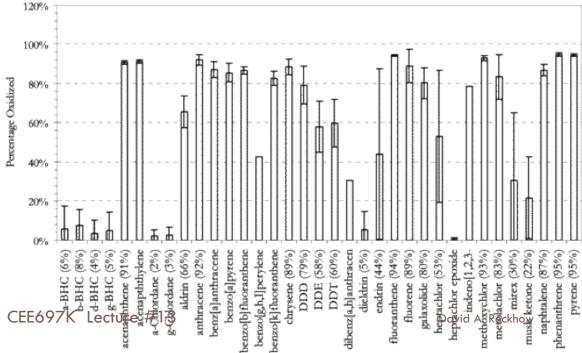
Introduction

Ozonation

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Removal by ozone





Westerhoff et al., 2005 [EST 39:17:6649]

QPAR: GAC adsorption of PPCPs

EDC/PPCP removal as a 125% GC/MS/MS Caffeine: Heterocyclic-N Δ LC/MS/MS function of predicted log Pentoxifylline: Heterocyclic-N Regression on unlabeled LC/MS/MS data & protonated base K_{ow} based upon average Percentage Removal = $0.15LogK_{OW} + 0.27$ Trimethoprim: Heterocyclic-N & 100% protonated base $R^2 = 0.88$ removal data from all four source water Percentage Removed 75% experiments (5 mg/L Δ Ácetominophen (pKa~9 WPM; 4-h contact time). .: protonated base) Selected LC/MS/MS 50% Naproxen (pKa~5 .: deprotonated acid) compounds are Gemfibrozil (pKa~5 .: deprotonated acid) identified 25%

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2

3

Log Kow

0%

0

7

◆ Ibuprofen (pKa~5 ∴ deprotonated acid)

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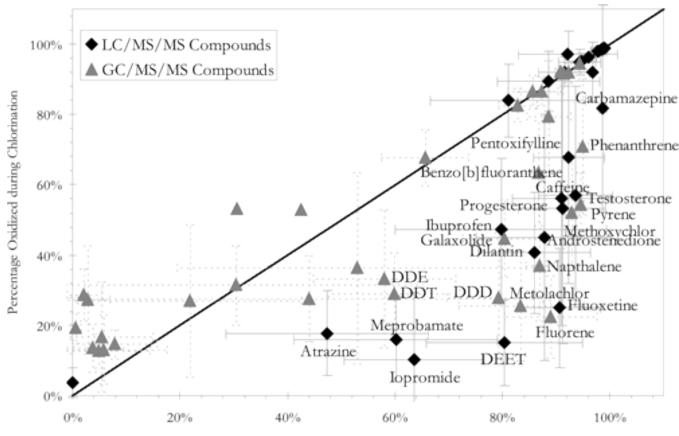
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QAAR – Oxidation of PPCPs

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- Average percentage removal of LC/MS/MS and GC/MS/MS compounds by ozone and chlorine across four waters spiked with EDC/PPCPs (PVW, ORW, SRW, CRW).
 - Solid line represents

 1:1 removal between
 ozonation and
 chlorination
 experiments. Error
 bars represent one
 standard deviation in
 percentage removal
 based on
 experiments in the
 four waters.



Percentage Oxidized during Ozonation

Westerhoff et al., 2005 [ES&T, 39:6649]

Other approaches

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Extending estimations to more robust & empirical approximations

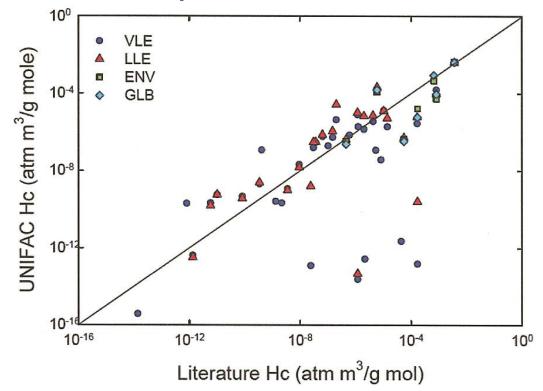
Snyder et al., 2007 "Removal of EDCs and Pharmaceuticals in Drinking and Reuse Treatment Processes" [AWWARF final report]

Table 12.1 Overview of predictive methods for fate and transport properties			
Fate and Transport Property	Chemical Information	Approach	Data Input
Biodegradation rate (or tendency)	Substructure fragments	Howard-Boethling group contribution	Functional group correlation parameters
Hydrolysis rate constant at basic pH Electronic and steric model (Taft equation)	Steric (<i>Es</i>) and electronic (σ^*) parameters of tabulated chemicals	Multi-variable linear Regression (MLR) analysis of tabulated data	Correlation parameters (group contribution) optimized
Percent removal by: Ozone, chlorine, UF	Adsorption, distribution and metabolism data	Monte Carlo (MC) statistical mechanics simulations and MLR analysis	2D molecular structures
Air-water partitioning (Henry's law constant)	Structure fragments	Activity coefficient model (ie., UNIFAC) with thermodynamic relationships, or Hine- Mookerjee as 2 nd option	Vapor pressure and BIP
Adsorption onto activated carbon	Substructure fragments	Liquid-phase Polanyi isotherm model	Aqueous solubility limit, molar volume at Tb, liquid density

Volatilization

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□ Henry's law constants by UNIFAC



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Snyder et al., 2007 "Removal Figure 12.3 Comparison of predicted and experimental Henry's constants of EDCs and Pharmaceuticals in Drinking and Reuse Treatment CEE697K Lecture #13 Processes" [AWWARF final report]

Hydrolysis I

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Returning to more fundamental LFERs

Estimate	Basis	Chemical Classes Covered
k ₀	Hammett Correlation	Benzyl halides; dimethyl benzyl halides; benzyl tosylates (all in mixed organic/aqueous solvents.)
k _{OH}	Hammett Correlation	Benzene ring-substituted compounds based on ArCOOCH ₃ , ArCOOCH ₂ CH ₃ , ArCH ₂ COOCH ₂ CH ₃ , ArCH=CHCOOCH ₂ CH ₃ , ArCONH ₂ , ArOCOCH ₃ , ArCH ₂ OCOCH ₃ , ArCON(CH ₃) ₂ , ArCONHCH ₃ , ArCH ₂ Cl, and ArOSi(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₃ (all in mixed organic/aqueous solvents).
k _{OH}	Taft Correlation	Dialkyl phthalate esters
k _{OH}	Correlation with pKa of leaving group	Aryl esters of methylphosphonic acid ((CH ₃) ₂ CHOP(O)(CH ₃)OAr); carbamates of the form: (1) (C ₆ H ₅)NHCOOAr; (2) CH ₃ N(C ₆ H ₅)COOAr; (3) CH ₃ NHCOOAr;
		(4) $(CH_3)_2NCOOAr.$

Table 12.8

Chemical range of literature hydrolysis LFER correlations

Snyder et al., 2007 "Removal of EDCs and Pharmaceuticals in Drinking and Reuse Treatment Processes" [AWWARF final report]

Hydrolysis II

Applied to PPCPs

Hydrolysis rate constant estimation method recommendation Estimation Parameter Category **Chemical Name** CAS# Method availability DCPA solution 1861321 Hammett NO Acetylsalicylic Acid 50782 Hammett NO DDT 50293 Hammett NO I Fluoxetine 54910893 Hammett NO Methoxychlor 72435 Hammett NO 2385855 Mirex Hammett NO Acetophenone 98862 N/A Not needed Androst-4-ene-3,17-dione 63058 N/A Not needed Anthracene 120127 N/A Not needed Benzo[a]pyrene 50328 N/A Not needed **Bisphenol A** 80057 N/A Not needed Cholesterol 57885 N/A Not needed Estriol 50271 N/A Not needed Guaiacol 90051 N/A Not needed Ibuprofen 15687271 N/A Not needed Nabumetone 42924538 N/A Not needed Naproxen 22204531 N/A Not needed 25154523 Nonylphenol N/A Not needed Π Para-Dodecylphenol 104438 N/A Not needed Pentachloronitrobenzene 87865 N/A Not needed Phenol, 4-tert-Butyl 98544 N/A Not needed Progesterone 57830 N/A Not needed Resorcinol 108463 N/A Not needed Testosterone 58220 N/A Not needed Vanillin 121335 N/A Not needed Coprostanol 360689 N/A Not needed Diethvlstilbestrol 56531 N/A Not needed Aniline 62533 N/A Not needed Benzenehexachloride (BHC) N/A 118741 Not needed N/A Musk Ketone 81141 Not needed Toxaphene 8001352 No published corr. _ 39765805 Nonachlor, trans-No published corr. _ Heptachlor 76448 No published corr. Nadolol 42200339 No published corr. _ Propranol 525666 No published corr. Aldrin 309002 No published corr. _ Allethrin, d-trans 584792 No published corr. _ III Bromacetic acid 79083 No published corr. _ 106934 1.2-dibromoethane No published corr. _ Chloroacetic acid 79118 No published corr. _ o-Chloroaniline 95512 No published corr. _ Chlorpheniramine 132229 No published corr. _ Chloroform 67663 No published corr. -Pentachloronitrobenzene 82688 No published corr. _ 84662 Diethyl Phthalate (DEP) YES Taft IV Butyl benzyl phthalate (BBP) 85687 Taft NO Class I Hammett correlation applies (limited parameters) No hydrolyzable groups (negligible hydrolysis) Class II No correlation for chemical class and/or difficult to classify (e.g. polyfunctional) Class III

Table 12.9

Snyder et al., 2007 "Removal of EDCs and Pharmaceuticals in Drinking and Reuse Treatment Processes" [AWWARF final report]

Class IV Taft correlation applies (limited parameters)

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□ <u>To next lecture</u>