

## **In-Class Practice**

- For a closed system, what is the pH of:
  - 10<sup>-3</sup> M solution of H<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
  - 10<sup>-3</sup> M solution of NaHCO<sub>3</sub>
  - 10<sup>-3</sup> M solution of Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
- For an open system, what is the pH of:
  - 10<sup>-3</sup> M solution of H<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
  - 10<sup>-3</sup> M solution of NaHCO<sub>3</sub>
  - 10<sup>-3</sup> M solution of Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>

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## More practice

- What is the pH of a blend of the following:
  - 1 MGD of pH 6.5 water with a Alkalinity of 50 mg/L
  - 0.5 MGD of pH 8.5 water with an Alkalinity of 500 mg/L

$$Alk = (\alpha_1 + 2\alpha_2) \frac{K_H p_{CO_2}}{\alpha_0} + [OH^-] - [H^+]$$

$$Alk = (\alpha_1 + 2\alpha_2)C_T + [OH^-] - [H^+]$$

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## More practice

- What is the pH of a blend of the following:
  - 1 MGD of pH 6.5 water with a Alkalinity of 50 mg/L
  - 1 MGD of pH 8.5 water with an Alkalinity of 500 mg/L

$$Alk = (\alpha_1 + 2\alpha_2) \frac{K_H p_{CO_2}}{\alpha_0} + [OH^-] - [H^+]$$

$$Alk = (\alpha_1 + 2\alpha_2)C_T + [OH^-] - [H^+]$$

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