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# CEE 577: Surface Water Quality Modeling

Lecture #31  
QUAL2E & Toxics: Sorption (Chapra, L41)

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## The third phase

- Can also consider the DOC phase
 
$$f_d = \frac{1}{1 + K_d m + K_{DOC} DOC}$$
- Which gives us 3 fractions
  - dissolved  $f_d = \frac{1}{1 + 10^{-6} K_{ow} TOC}$
  - particulate  $f_p = \frac{10^{-6} K_{ow} POC}{1 + 10^{-6} K_{ow} TOC}$
  - DOC-bound  $f_o = \frac{10^{-6} K_{ow} DOC}{1 + 10^{-6} K_{ow} TOC}$

$K_d \cong 10^{-6} K_{ow} POC/m$

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## Black Carbon

- A pyrolytic form of carbon
  - Diesel soot
  - Other pyrolytic sources
  - Non-pyrolytic
    - e.g., tire wear & urban runoff
- Behaves like GAC
  - Non-linear adsorption
    - Freundlich Isotherm

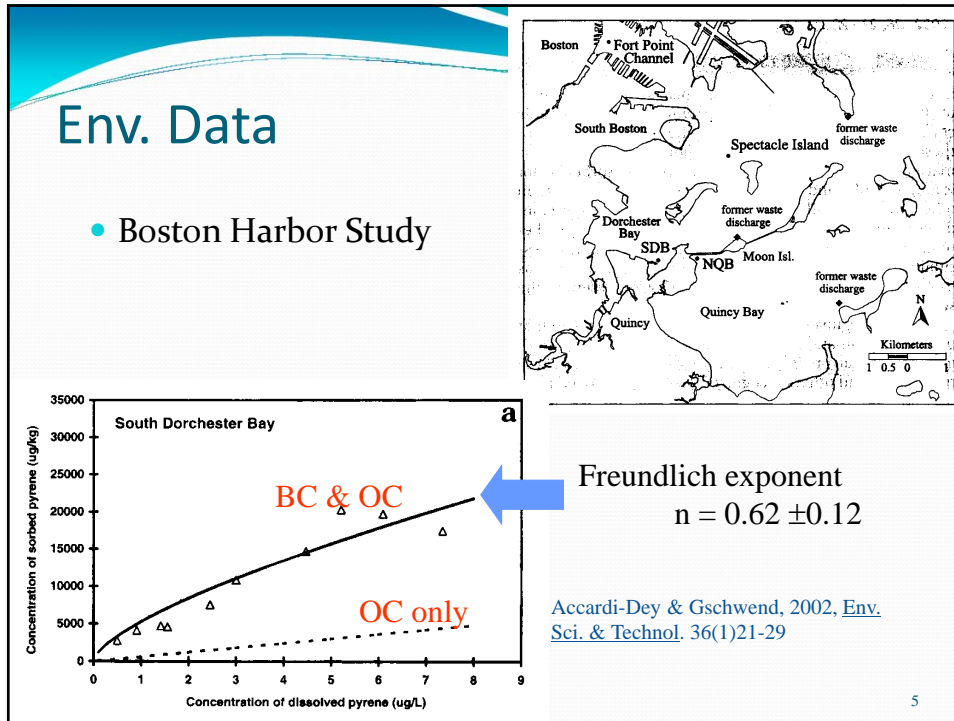
## PtOC & BC model

- Two terms  $C_s = f_{oc} K_{oc} C_w + f_{BC} K_{BC} C_w^n$ 
  - Simple partitioning for normal PtOC
  - Freundlich isotherm adsorption for BC
- And Re-arranging

- where  $C_s = K_d C_w$

$$K_d = f_{oc} K_{oc} + f_{BC} K_{BC} C_w^{n-1}$$

Accardi-Dey & Gschwend, 2002, *Env. Sci. & Technol.* 36(1)21-29



## Simple Dual Mode Model

- Simple DMM
  - Developed to accommodate
    - “dissolution” behavior
      - Linear partitioning
    - competitive adsorptive behavior
      - Langmuir-type isotherm
        - Affinity coeff,  $b \equiv K_{ad} / K_{de}$

$$v = \frac{v_m c_d}{\left(\frac{k_{de}}{k_{ad}}\right) + c_d}$$

$$v = \frac{v_m \left(\frac{k_{ad}}{k_{de}}\right) c_d}{1 + \left(\frac{k_{ad}}{k_{de}}\right) c_d}$$

$$v = \frac{v_m b c_d}{1 + b c_d}$$

$$v = K_D c_d + \frac{v_m b c_d}{1 + b c_d}$$

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## Extended DMM

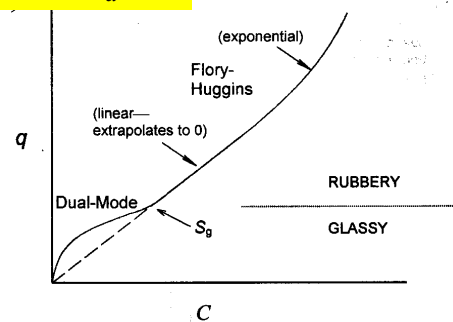
- Accounts for plasticization by the sorbate

$$v = K_D e^{\sigma v^*} c_d + \frac{v_m \left(1 - v^*/v_g\right) b c_d}{1 + b c_d}$$

Xia & Pignatello, 2001, *Env. Sci. Technol.*,  
35(1)84-94

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- To next lecture

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