Exam #1

March 11, 1997

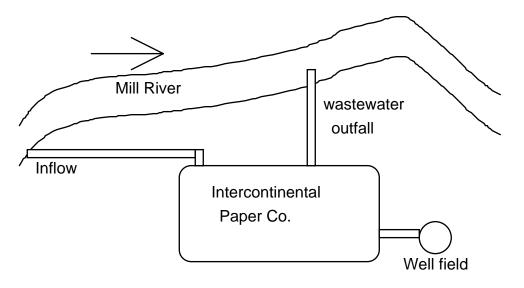
Please answer all 5 questions. Show all work. Be neat, and box-in your answer.

1. An alum floc particle has a density of 1.04 g/mL and a diameter of 0.01 mm. (25 points)

- a. Assuming it is subject only to discrete settling, what is its settling velocity at 5°C in cm/s?
- b. Is this particle likely to settle out in a tank that is 10 m deep and has a mean hydraulic residence time of 6 hours? Why?
- c. At what rate will this particle settle in 30°C water (in cm/s)?

2. Intercontinental Paper and the Mill River (20 points)

The Intercontinental Paper Co. is discharging its wastewater directly into the Mill River. The discharge flow is 3.8 ft^3 /s (cfs). They obtain half of this water from an intake 0.5 miles upstream of the wastewater outfall, and half from groundwater via a nearby well field. On average, the Mill River water upstream of IPC has a total suspended solids concentration (TSS) of 5.5 mg/L. If the Mill River has a flow of 12 cfs upstream of the IPC intake, and if the state permits a maximum TSS concentration of 15 mg/L in the Mill River, what will the allowable effluent concentration of suspended solids be for IPC?



3. Calculate the ThOD of the following wastewaters: (20 points)

- a. 10^{-3} moles/L of hexane, C₆H₈
- b. $3x10^{-3}$ moles/L of oxalic acid, $C_2H_2O_4$
- c. 30 mg/L of ethanol, CH₃CH₂OH

4. Calculate the concentration of the following wastewaters as mg-Carbon/L: (20 points)

- a. 10^{-3} moles/L of hexane, C₆H₈
- b. $3x10^{-3}$ moles/L of oxalic acid, $C_2H_2O_4$
- c. 30 mg-ethanol/L, CH₃CH₂OH

5. Short Answer (15 points)

- a. Name and describe the three types of reactors discussed in class. Explain how they differ (10 points)
- b. What is an autotrophic organism? (3 points)
- c. What distinguishes a carboxylic acid from other chemical substances? (2 points)

Appendix

| Temp., °C | Density, kg/m ³ | Viscosity x 10^3 , N-s/m ² | Kinematic Viscosity $x \ 10^6, \ m^2/s$ |
|-----------|----------------------------|--|---|
| 0 | 999.8 | 1.781 | 1.785 |
| 5 | 1000.0 | 1.518 | 1.519 |
| 10 | 999.7 | 1.307 | 1.306 |
| 15 | 999.1 | 1.139 | 1.139 |
| 20 | 998.2 | 1.002 | 1.003 |
| 25 | 997.0 | 0.890 | 0.893 |
| 30 | 995.7 | 0.798 | 0.800 |
| 35 | 994.0 | 0.725 | 0.729 |
| 40 | 992.2 | 0.653 | 0.658 |

Some physical constants of Water:

Selected Chemical Constants

| Element | Symbol | Atomic # | Atomic Wt. | Valence | Electronegativity |
|-----------|--------|----------|------------|-----------|-------------------|
| Aluminum | Al | 13 | 26.98 | 3 | 1.47 |
| Boron | В | 5 | 10.81 | 3 | 2.01 |
| Calcium | Ca | 20 | 40.08 | 2 | 1.04 |
| Carbon | С | 6 | 12.01 | 2,4 | 2.50 |
| Cerium | Ce | 58 | 140.12 | 3,4 | 1.06 |
| Helium | He | 2 | 4.00 | 0 | |
| Holmiuum | Но | 67 | 164.93 | 3 | 1.10 |
| Hydrogen | Н | 1 | 1.01 | 1 | 2.20 |
| Magnesium | Mg | 12 | 24.31 | 2 | 1.23 |
| Manganese | Mn | 25 | 54.94 | 2,3,4,6,7 | 1.60 |
| Osmium | Os | 76 | 190.2 | 2,3,4,8 | 1.52 |
| Oxygen | 0 | 8 | 16.00 | 2 | 3.50 |
| Potassium | K | 19 | 39.10 | 1 | 0.91 |
| Sodium | Na | 11 | 22.99 | 1 | 1.01 |
| Sulfur | S | 16 | 32.06 | 2,4,6 | 2.44 |